Type 5.D

Type 5.D – Paragraph Form

Product shall be ECTC Type 5.D, which is a turf reinforcement mat, composed of UV-stabilized non-degradable synthetic fibers, filaments, nets, wire mesh and/or other elements, processed into a permanent, three-dimensional matrix which may be supplemented with degradable components. Product un-vegetated permissible shear stress rating shall be ≥ 2.0 lbs/ft2 (≥ 96 Pa) according to ASTM D6460 large-scale testing or equivalent deemed acceptable by the engineer. Vegetated shear stress rating shall be ≥ 12.0 lbs/ft² (≥ 575 Pa) according to ASTM D6460 large-scale testing or equivalent deemed acceptable by the engineer (for TRMs containing degradable components, property values must be obtained on the non-degradable portion of the matting alone). Large-scale performance testing typically involves limited soil types and vegetative stands, therefore it is recommended that an appropriate factor of safety be used in design and product selection (see Guidance Document for further information). Seedling emergence shall be ≥ 250% according to ASTM D7322. MD (Machine Direction) tensile strength shall be ≥ 325 lbs/ft (≥ 4.8 kN/m) x TD (Transverse Direction) tensile strength of ≥ 225 lbs/ft (≥ 3.3 kN/m) according to ASTM D6818 with property values obtained on the non-degradable portion of the matting alone. Product shall have a mass per unit area of ≥ 8.0 oz/yd2 (≥ 271 g/m2) according to ASTM D6566, thickness ≥ 0.25 in (≥ 6.35 mm) according to ASTM D6525. Turf Reinforcement Mat UV-stability ≥ 80% @ 1000 hrs according to ASTM D4355 with property values obtained on the non-degradable portion of the matting alone. Typical values for Type 5.D TRMs are calculated as the average value. Statistically, it yields a 50% degree of confidence that any samples taken from quality assurance testing will exceed the value reported.

NOTE: TRMs are typically used in hydraulic applications, such as high flow ditches and channels, steep slopes, stream banks, and shorelines, where erosive forcers may exceed the limits of natural, unreinforced vegetation or in areas where limited vegetation establishment is anticipated.

Type 5.D

Type 5.D – Tabular Form

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| ECTC Type | 5.D |
| Product Description | Turf Reinforcement Mat |
| Material Composition | A product composed of UV-stabilized non-degradable synthetic fibers, filaments, nets, wire mesh and/or other elements, processed into a permanent, three-dimensional matrix which may be supplemented with degradable components |
| Un-vegetated Shear Stressa, b, c | ≥ 2.0 lbs/ft2 (≥ 96 Pa) |
| Vegetated Shear Stress b, c, d, e | ≥ 12.0 lbs/ft2 (≥ 575 Pa) |
| Seedling Emergance (ASTM D7322)c | ≥ 250% |
| MD Material Tensile Strength(ASTM D6818)c, e | ≥ 325 lbs/ft (≥ 4.8 kN/m) |
| TD Material Tensile Strength(ASTM D6818)c, e | ≥ 225 lbs/ft (≥ 3.3 kN/m) |
| Mass Per Unit Area (ASTM D6566)c | ≥ 8.0 oz/yd2 (≥ 271 g/m2) |
| Material Thickness (ASTM D6525)c | ≥ 0.25 in (≥ 6.35 mm) |
| UV Stability (ASTM D4355) c, e | ≥ 80% @ 1000 hrs |

*a. Required minimum shear stress TRM (un-vegetated) can sustain without physical damage or excess erosion (> 12.7 mm (0.5 in.) soil loss during successive, minimum 30 minute flow events in large scale testing.*

*b. Acceptable large-scale testing protocol may include ASTM D6460, or other independent testing deemed acceptable by the engineer. Large-scale performance testing typically involves limited soil types and vegetative stands, therefore it is recommended that an appropriate factor of safety be used in design and product selection (see Guidance Document for further information).*

*c. Typical values are calculated as the average value, it yields a 50% degree of confidence that any samples taken from quality assurance testing will exceed the value reported.*

*d. Required minimum shear stress TRM (fully vegetated) can sustain without physical damage or excess erosion (> 12.7 mm (0.5 in.) soil loss during successive, minimum 30 minute flow events in large scale testing.*

*e. For TRMs containing degradable components, property values must be obtained on the non-degradable portion of the matting alone.*

*NOTE: TRMs are typically used in hydraulic applications, such as high flow ditches and channels, steep slopes, stream banks, and shorelines, where erosive forcers may exceed the limits of natural, unreinforced vegetation or in areas where limited vegetation establishment is anticipated.*